

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

| Section 1. Che         | Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification  |   |                         |                |  |
|------------------------|---|---|-------------------------|----------------|--|
| Common Name            | NORBORD   | OSB BOARD   | <b>Chemical Name</b>    | Not Applicable |  |
| Supplier/ Manufacturer |   | Norbord Inc. 1 Toronto Street, Suite 600  | Chemical Formula        | Not Applicable |  |
|                        |   | Toronto, Ontario<br>M5C 2W4   | CAS#                    | Mixture        |  |
| Synonym                | Not available   |   | Validation Date         | 05/22/2013     |  |
| Trade Name             | Stabledge, Norb   | Norbord TallWall , Norbord Windstorm, Norbord<br>pord Solarbord, Norbord TruFlor, Norbord Pinnacle,<br>d and Norbord Rimboard Plus. | Print Date              | 05/24/2013     |  |
| Product<br>Description | These panel products contain hardwood and/or softwood strands bonded with phenol formaldehyde copolymer adhesive resin and wax. Polymeric Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (PMDI) adhesive can also be used. Solarbord is a heat-reflecting aluminum foil laminated onto one side of OSB (Oriented Strand Board) board. |   | Responsible Name        | Norbord Inc.   |  |
| Material Uses          | For industrial ar   | nd commercial uses.   | In Case of<br>Emergency | (416) 365-0705 |  |

| Section 2. Compo  | Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients |                |                          |  |  |  |
|---|---|----------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| Name  | CAS#  | % by<br>Weight | LD50                     | LC50                                       | Exposure Limits  |  |
| Hardwood (e.g., aspen, sweet gum, etc.) and/or Softwood (Southern Yellow Pine)                  | Not Applicable  | 84-98          | Not available            | Not available                              | ACGIH (2013)  1 mg/m³ TWA A4 Inhalable Dust OSHA PEL  15 mg/m³ TWA Total Dust 5 mg/m³ Respirable Dust Québec (OEL S-2.1, r.15 - 2010) (Excepted Red Cedar) 5 mg/m³ TWA Total Dust Ontario OEL-reg 833 (2005) (Certain Hardwoods) 1 mg/m³ TWAEV Total Dust (Softwood) 5 mg/m³ TWAEV Total Dust 10 mg/m³ STEV Total Dust |  |
| Phenol<br>Formaldehyde<br>Adhesive Resin<br>Solid.<br>(less than 0.01% of<br>free formaldehyde) | Not Available   | 1-8            | Not available            | Not available                              | No Exposure Limit Value  |  |
| Free Formaldehyde   | 50-00-0   | <0.01          | 100 mg/kg<br>(Oral, Rat) | 203 mg/m <sup>3</sup><br>(Inhalation, Rat) | ACGIH (2013) 0.3 ppm TWA/Ceiling OSHA PEL 0.75 ppm TWA 2 ppm STEL  |  |

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| Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients   |           |           |  |  |   |
|---|-----------|-----------|--|--|---|
|   |           |           |  |  | Ontario OEL-reg 833 (2005) 1 ppm STEV 1.5 ppm Ceiling Québec (OEL S-2.1, r.15 - 2010) 2 ppm Ceiling   |
| <sup>1</sup> Polymeric<br>Diphenylmethane<br>Diisocyanate<br>(PMDI) Adhesive<br>(Once pressed<br>these wood panels<br>do not contain free<br>or unreacted PMDI) | 9016-87-9 | 0-5       | >15800 mg/kg<br>(Oral Rat)<br>>7900 mg/kg<br>(Dermal Rabbit) | 490 mg/m <sup>3</sup><br>(Inhalation, Rat 4-h) | No Exposure Limit Value   |
| Paraffin Wax<br>Emulsion  | 8002-74-2 | 0.1 - 3.0 | Not available  | Not available                                  | ACGIH (2013) 2 mg/m³ TWA Ontario OEL-reg 833 (2005) 2 mg/m³ TWAEV Total Québec (OEL S-2.1, r.15 - 2010) 2 mg/m³ TWA   |
| Aluminum Foil<br>(Solarbord Only)   | 7429-90-5 | <1        | >5,000 mg/kg<br>(Oral, Rat)                                  |  | ACGIH (2013)  1 mg/m³ TWA Respirable OSHA PEL  15 mg/m³ TWA Total 5 mg/m³ Respirable Ontario OEL-reg 833 (2005)  10 mg/m³ TWAEV Total Québec (OEL S-2.1, r.15 - 2010)  10 mg/m³ TWA Total |

PMDI adhesive is not used in all Norbord's wood panel productions.

| Section 3. Hazards Ider             | ntification  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Primary Hazard                      | Manual or mechanical cutting or abrasion processes performed on these products may result in generation of wood dust (all products) and aluminum dust (Solarbord only).  |
| <b>Routes of Entry</b>              | Inhalation and contact with skin and eyes.   |
| <b>Potential Acute Health Effec</b> | No test data exists on actual mixture. Listed below is the data available on the identified ingredients.   |
|                                     | May cause irritation to upper respiratory system, eyes and skin.   |
| Potential Chronic Health Eff        | ects   |
|                                     | No test data exists on actual mixture. Listed below is the data available on the identified ingredients. <b>Wood Dust</b> Carcinogenicity IARC ( Group 1)- Carcinogenic to Humans ACGIH (A1)- Certain hard woods, Confirmed Human Carcinogen BC (K1)- A Confirmed Human Carcinogen |
|                                     | For further information concerning toxic and hazardous information consult the MSDSs for wood dust.  |

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| Section 4. First   | Section 4. First Aid Measures  |  |  |
|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Eye Contact        | Wood dust may cause mechanical irritation. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, holding lids apart to ensure flushing of each entire eye. Get medical attention immediately.   |  |  |
| Skin Contact       | Various species of wood dust may cause allergic contact dermatitis in sensitized individuals. In case of contact, flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Get medical attention if rash or persistent irritation or dermatitis occurs. Wash clothing before reuse. |  |  |
| Inhalation         | Depending on species, wood dust may cause respiratory sensitization and/or irritation.  If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical advice if persistent irritation, severe coughing or breathing difficulty occurs.  |  |  |
| Ingestion          | Not likely to occur.   |  |  |
| Notes to Physician | Respiratory ailments or pre-existing skin conditions may be aggravated by exposure to wood dust.   |  |  |

| Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures                      |   |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Flammability of the Product                            | Flammable   |  |  |  |
| <b>Auto-ignition Temperature</b>                       | 204 to 260 °C   |  |  |  |
| Flash Point  | Not available.  |  |  |  |
| Flammable Limits                                       | Higher: undetermined (varies with composition particle size, moisture level, rate of heating and dust concentration).  Lower: 40 grams/m <sup>3</sup> (LEL) wood dust.  |  |  |  |
| <b>Products of Combustion</b>                          | Burning of wood products produces irritating and toxic emissions, including carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, aldehydes and organic acids.   |  |  |  |
| Fire Hazards in Presence of<br>Various Substances      | There is risk of fire when fine dust particles come in contact with a source of ignition as heat or flame.  |  |  |  |
| Explosion Hazards in Presence of<br>Various Substances | Dust explosion is strongly possible if dust concentrations rise to critical values (above 40 grams/m <sub>3</sub> ) and if there is a source of ignition present (flame, heat, static discharge, etc.). May explode when in contact with strong acids and oxidants. |  |  |  |
| Sensitivity/mechanical impact                          | Not available   |  |  |  |
| Sensitivity/static discharge                           | Not available.  |  |  |  |
| Fire Fighting Media and<br>Instructions                | Use water spray or carbon dioxide when fighting fires involving this material. Use dry sand or earth to smother fire.   |  |  |  |

| Section 6. Accidental Release Measures |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Spill and Leak                         | Sweep or vacuum and avoid creating airborne dust conditions. Remove ignition source and provide good ventilation where dust conditions may occur. Place recovered wood dust in a container for proper disposal. |  |

| Section 7. Handling | g and Storage   |
|---------------------|---|
| Precautions         | Avoid any source of heat and avoid creating "clouds" of dust which can be source of fire and explosion. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash clothing before reuse.  AVOID DUST CONTACT WITH EYES AND SKIN. AVOID BREATHING DUST. |
| Storage             | Store away from incompatibles. Keep in a cool and dry area. Keep away from any ignition source.   |
| Incompatibility     | Avoid contact with oxidizing agents and drying oils. Avoid open flame.  |

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| Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Engineering Controls</b>                      | For reducing exposure to below recommended exposure limits, methods include mechanical ventilation using diluting or control of process, and process conditions or personal enclosure. System design should consider nature of contaminants and any explosive characteristics. Eyewash stations are recommended. |  |  |  |
| Personal Protection Eyes                         | Not required if no transformation is performed on the product.  AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES.   |  |  |  |
|  | Use safety glasses with side shields or dust resistant safety goggles if manual or mechanical cutting or abrasion processes is performed on the product.   |  |  |  |
| Body   | Not required if no transformation is performed on the product.  AVOID CONTACT WITH SKIN.   |  |  |  |
|  | Coverall is recommended if manual or mechanical cutting or abrasion processes is performed on the product.   |  |  |  |
|  | Remove and wash dust contaminated clothing before reuse.   |  |  |  |
| Respiratory                                      | Not required if no transformation is performed on the product.  AVOID BREATHING DUST.  |  |  |  |
|  | When engineering controls and work practices are not effective in controlling exposure to recommended exposure limits, wear suitable respiratory protection. If respirator required, use an appropriate NIOSH/MSHA approved dust respirator N95 or higher.   |  |  |  |
| Hands  | AVOID CONTACT WITH SKIN.   |  |  |  |
|  | Wear leather work gloves to protect skin against mechanical irritation and splinters.  |  |  |  |
| Feet   | Not applicable As determined by normal job requirements.   |  |  |  |

| Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties |   |           |  |  |  |
|---|---|-----------|--|--|--|
| <b>Physical State and Appearance</b>        | Solid   | Odor      | Dependent on wood species and time since panel was produced. |  |  |
| Molecular Weight                            | Not applicable                                | Taste     | Not available  |  |  |
| Molecular Formula                           | Not applicable                                | Color     | Light to dark brown  |  |  |
| pH (1% Soln/Water)                          | Basic   |           |  |  |  |
| <b>Boiling/Condensation Point</b>           | Not available                                 |           |  |  |  |
| <b>Melting/Freezing Point</b>               | Not applicable                                |           |  |  |  |
| <b>Critical Temperature</b>                 | Not available                                 |           |  |  |  |
| <b>Specific Gravity</b>                     | Variable (dependent on wood species and moist | ure conte | ent)   |  |  |
| Vapor Pressure                              | Not applicable                                |           |  |  |  |
| <b>Vapor Density</b>                        | Not available                                 |           |  |  |  |
| Volatility                                  | Not available                                 |           |  |  |  |
| Odor Threshold                              | Not available                                 |           |  |  |  |
| <b>Evaporation Rate</b>                     | Not available                                 |           |  |  |  |
| Water/oil dist. coefficient.                | Not applicable                                |           |  |  |  |
| Viscosity                                   | Not applicable                                |           |  |  |  |
| Ionicity (in Water)                         | Not available                                 |           |  |  |  |
| <b>Dispersion Properties</b>                | Not available                                 |           |  |  |  |
| Solubility                                  | Insoluble in cold water, hot water.           |           |  |  |  |

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| Section 10. Stability and Reactivity    |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| <b>Stability and Reactivity</b>         | These products are stable.  |  |
| <b>Conditions of Instability</b>        | Not available   |  |
| Incompatibility with Various Substances | Wood dust can ignite if it comes in contact with strong oxidizing agents such as perchloric acid and nitric acids, and with strong acids such as sulfuric acid and if it comes in contact with drying oils such as linseed oil. |  |
| Hazardous Decomposition<br>Products     | Thermal and/or thermal oxidative decomposition can produce irritating and toxic fumes and gases, including carbon monoxide, aldehydes, isocyanate, organic acids and polynuclear aromatic compounds.                            |  |
| Corrosivity                             | Not applicable  |  |

| Section 11. Toxicological        | I Information   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| <b>Routes of Entry</b>           | Inhalation and contact with skin and eyes.  |
| <b>Chronic Effects on Humans</b> | No test data exists on the actual mixture. Listed below is the data available on wood dust: Exposure to wood dust may cause asthmatic symptoms and signs. Chronic exposure to some species of wood and sensitivity of some workers may cause the outbreak of some allergies that can become a potential health hazard to these individuals.   |
| <b>Acute Effects on Humans</b>   | No test data exists on the actual mixture.  |
| Skin Contact                     | MAY CAUSE IRRITATION AND SENSITIZATION.  Dermatitis has been reported in humans; nature of the wood and origin of the dust has to be taken into consideration as well as the exposure to formaldehyde and/or MDI during cutting or sanding operations of this product. However, considering the small quantity of the resins contained in these products and the polymerization of these resins during the press cycle, the risk of exposure to formaldehyde and/or MDI during cutting and sanding operations must be considered of very low.   |
| Skin Absorption                  | No test data exists on the actual mixture.  |
| Eye Contact                      | MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATION.  Conjunctivitis has been reported in humans, nature of the wood and origin of the dust has to be taken into consideration.  |
| Inhalation                       | MAY CAUSE IRRITATION AND SENSITIZATION.  No test data available on the actual mixture. Data available on identified ingredients are listed below. Inhalation of wood dust may irritate the respiratory tract by causing: drying of the mucus, sneezing, irritating cough and expectoration. May cause some difficulty in breathing such as: bronchitis, nasal discharge and respiratory tract obstruction. May sensitize the respiratory system and cause asthmatic symptoms and signs.  People with existing respiratory tract ailments, (e.g. bronchitis) should avoid exposures to wood dust as they may suffer severe irritation and difficulty in breathing.  Some reports suggest that formaldehyde and MDI may cause respiratory sensitization, such as asthma, and pre-existing respiratory sensitization may be aggravated by exposure. However, considering the small quantity of the resins contained in these products and the polymerization of these resins during the press cycle, the risk of exposure to formaldehyde and/or MDI during cutting and sanding operations must be considered of very low.  Not applicable |
| nigestion                        | Not likely to occur.  |
| Irritancy of product             | No test data available on the actual mixture.   |
| Sensitization                    | No test data available on the actual mixture.   |
| Carcinogenic Effects             | No test data available on the actual mixture. Data available on: Formaldehyde IARC ( Group 1) Carcinogenic to Humans ACGIH (A2) Suspected Human Carcinogen BC (K2) Suspected Human Carcinogen Wood Dust IARC ( Group 1) Carcinogenic to Humans ACGIH (A1) Certain hard woods - Confirmed Human Carcinogen BC (K1)- Confirmed Human Carcinogen Nasal carcinoma has been reported in furniture industries and an increase of Hodgkin's Disease has been reported in other wood working industries especially in sawmill.  |

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| Section 11. Toxicological Information |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Teratogenicity                        | Not available  |  |
| Mutagenicity                          | No test data available on actual mixture. Data available on: Wood dust Exposure to wood dust may cause cellular changes in the nasal epithelium. |  |
| <b>Reproductive Effects</b>           | No test data exists on the actual mixture.   |  |

| Section 12. Ecological Information         |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Ecotoxicity                                | Not available  |  |
| BOD <sub>5</sub> and COD                   | Depending on the kind of wood  |  |
| <b>Products of Biodegradation</b>          | Depending on the kind of wood Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are unlikely. Long term degradation products may arise due to formaldehyde. |  |
| Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation | Not available  |  |
| Special Remarks on the Environment         | Biodegradation of the wood may lower oxygen levels in water which may be hazardous to aquatic life.  |  |

| Section 13. Disposal Considerations |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Waste Information                   | Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations. |

| Section 14. Transport Information   |                |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| Classification                      | Not applicable |
| PIN                                 | Not applicable |
| Special Provisions for<br>Transport | None           |

| Section 15. Regulatory Information |   |  |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| U.S. Federal Regulations           | The product is not controlled under the US Hazard Communication Rule (29 CFR 1900.1200).  |  |
| <b>Canadian Regulations</b>        | The product is not controlled under WHMIS.  It has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR. |  |
| Other Regulations                  | Not applicable  |  |

#### Section 16. Other Information **Glossary of Terms ACGIH** American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists BCBritish Columbia CSA# Chemical Abstracts System Number **CFR** Code of Federal Regulation **IARC** International Agency for Research on Cancer LC50 Concentration L50 (the concentration in air of a chemical which kills 50% of a experimental animal population) **LD50** Lethal Dose 50 (the administered dose of a chemical which kills 50% of a experimental animals population) **LEL** Lower Explosion Limit MDI 4'4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate mg/kg Milligram per kilogram mg/m<sup>3</sup> Milligram per cubic meter **MSHA** Mining Safety and Health Administration **NIOSH** National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health **OEL** Occupational Exposure Limit

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## Section 16. Other Information

### **Glossary of Terms**

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration Chemical Abstracts System Number

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

**ppm** Parts per million

STEL Short –Term Exposure Limit (United States)
STEV Short-Term Exposure Value (Ontario)
TWA Time Weighted Average (United States)
TWAEV Time Weighted Average Value (Ontario)

VEMP Valeur d'exposition moyenne pondérée (Québec) = TWAEV = TWA
VECD Valeur d'exposition de courte durée (Québec) = STEV = STEL

WHISM Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Other Special Considerations

This 16 heading format MSDS complies or exceeds the Canadian WHMIS criteria and the OSHA

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hazard communication standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Validated by Norbord Inc. on 05/22/2013

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